# ADH8066 Quad band GSM/GPRS Module

Hardware Application Note <V1.6>

ADH Technology Co.,LTD Subject to changes in technology, design and availability URL: <u>http://www.adh-tech.com.tw</u>

## **Change History**

Version	Effective Date	Description of Changes
V1.0	2009/8/7	Released
V1.1	2009/12/11	Update standby power consumption
V1.2	2010/6/25	Add ONKEY & DSR circuit recommendation
V1.3	2010/8/30	Modify PWR ON/OFF sequence
V1.5	2010/8/30	Correct pin 26~30 input power
V1.4	2010/9/23	Modify the reference schematic of Microphone
V 1.4	2010/9/23	Input in page 13
V1.5	2011/06/28	Modify PWR ON/OFF sequence
V1.6	2012/1/12	Amend typo in figure 17&18

### **Table of Contents**

<u>TABI</u>	LE OF CONTENTS	3	
<u>LIST</u>	OF TABLES	4	
<u>LIST</u>	OF FIGURES	4	
ADH	8066 KEY FEATURES	5	
<u>SYST</u>	EM ARCHITECTURE	6	
<u>POW</u>	VER SUPPLY RECOMMENDATIONS	7	
<b>3.1</b> <b>3.2</b> <b>3.3</b> <b>3.4</b> 3.4.1 3.4.2 3.4.3 3.4.3	Power ON & reset circuit recommendation	7 7 7 8 8 8 8 9 9 9	
<u>INTE</u>	RFACES	11	
4.1 4.1.2 4.2 4.2.1 4.2.2 4.3 4.3.1 4.3.2 4.3.3 4.4 4.5	AUDIO INTERFACE AUDIO TRACK AND PCB LAYOUT RECOMMENDATION MICROPHONE INPUTS SIM INTERFACE SIM INTERFACE CIRCUIT DESIGN SIM LAYOUT	<ul> <li>11</li> <li>12</li> <li>12</li> <li>12</li> <li>13</li> <li>14</li> <li>14</li> <li>15</li> <li>15</li> <li>16</li> <li>17</li> </ul>	
<u>5. PO</u>	OWER ON/OFF PROCEDURE	<u>18</u>	
<u>ELEC</u>	TRICAL & ENVIRONMENTAL CHARACTERISTICS	20	
APPI	ENDIX 1. SUMMARY OF PIN OUT	21	
APPI	ENDIX 2. BOARD TO BOARD CONNECTOR DIMENSION	23	
АРРІ	PPENDIX 3. ANTENNA CONNECTOR 24		

### List of Tables

Table 1: ADH8066 key feature list	5
Table 2: UART Data configuration	
Table 3: UART0 pin out description	
Table 4: UART1 pin out connector	
Table 5: Electrical characteristics	
Table 6: SIM connector pin out	
Table 7: MIC 1 audio input electrical requirements	20
Table 8: MIC1 audio output electrical information	
Table 9: EAR 1 audio output electrical information	20
Table 10: EAR2 audio output electrical information	20
Table 11: Input power requirement	20
Table 12: Operation current requirement	20
List of Figures	

### List of Figures

Figure 1: ADH8066 system function block diagram	6
Figure 2: Layout principle under GSM module	7
Figure 3: VBAT voltage drop	7
Figure 4: Voltage drop versus distance	8
Figure 5: Power supply reference circuit	9
Figure 6: Power on reference circuit	9
Figure 7: Value of decoupling capacitors	10
Figure 8: UART reference circuit design	12
Figure 9: Audio track design	13
Figure 10: Reference circuit for microphone inputs	13
Figure 11: Reference circuit for SIM interface	14
Figure 12: SIM connector layout reference	15
Figure 13: RF interface	16
Figure 15: PIN 13 for network ready indication	17
Figure 14: PIN 5 for system ready indication	17
Figure 16: Recommended ON_KEY circuit	18
Figure 17: Power ON sequence	18
Figure 18: Power OFF sequence	19
Figure 20: 50 pin board to board connector	23
Figure 21: RF antenna connector	

### ADH8066 Key Features

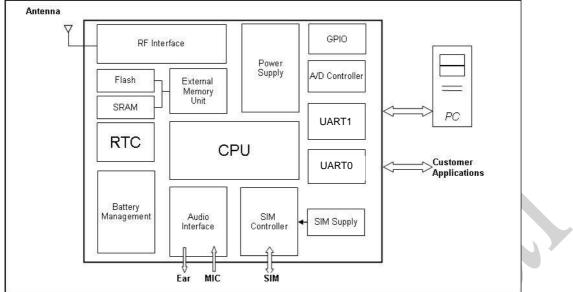
Table 1: ADH8060	6 key feature list
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Product features	Descriptions	
Frequency	GSM 850/ GSM900/GSM1800 /GSM1900 Quad Band	
Maximum RF Power	GSM850/EGSM900 Class4 (2W)	
	GSM1800 GSM 1900 Class1 (1W)	
Receiving Sensitivity	<-106dBm	
Working Temperature	-30°C~+85°C	
Power Voltage	$3.4V \sim 4.5V$ (4.0V is recommended)	
Average STB current	<2mA@paging mode 6 (Standby mode)	
Leaking current	<0.1mA	
Protocol	Support GSM/GPRS Phase2/2+	
	GSM Standard AT COMMAND	
AT COMMAND	V.25 AT COMMAND	
	ADH defined AT COMMAND	
50PIN B2B Connector	UART Interface (Maximum I/O speed: 115200bit/s)	
SIM interface	Standard SIM interface (3V/1.8V)	
Audio interface	2 Analogue audio Input/Output interfaces	
Power interface	Power interface	
GSC RF Connector	50Ω	
	RF Antenna Connector	
oice Communication	Support FR, EFR, HR and AMR voice codec	
	Support hands free operation and echo exhibition.	
	Support MO and MT	
SMS	Support Point-to-Point Short Message Cell Broadcast	
CDD C D	Support TEXT and PDU mode	
GPRS Data transmission	GPRS CLASS 10	
	Coding scheme CS 1, CS 2, CS 3, CS 4	
	Maximum transmission speed: 85.6Kbit/s <sup>-1</sup>	
	Support PBCCH	
	Built-in TCP/IP protocol. Support multi-slot, ACK response,	
CSD Service	support large memory buffer. Support CSD data transmission up to 9600bit/s	
CSD Service	Fax support: Group3, Class1.0	
Supplemental service	Support USSD	
Supplemental service	Caller ID, Call transfer. Support group call, broadcast, Group call service & broadcast	
Group Service	support group can, broadcast, Group can service & broadcast	

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Depending on network condition
 <sup>2</sup> Upon customer request

### System Architecture

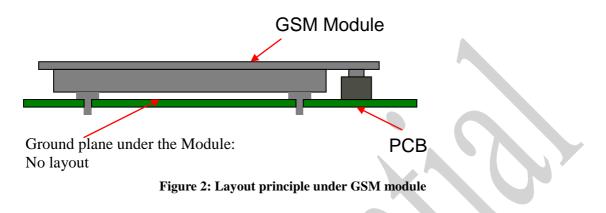
Figure 1 describes ADH8066 function diagram and main system interface.



### **Power Supply Recommendations**

#### 3.1 Ground Connections Recommendations

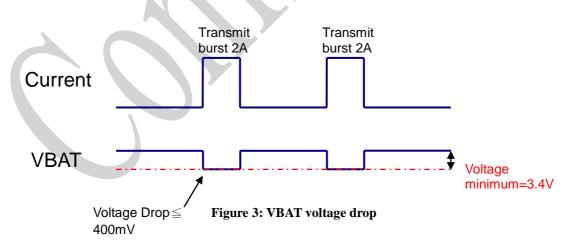
The PCB right under ADH8066 should be left as a ground plane which SHOULD NOT have any components or layout circuit in case of RF interference.



### 3.2 Power Supply Generalities

Power supply design is critical to GSM module applications. The design guides should be strictly followed to ensure the performance of the module. The VBAT voltage limits must be at any time: 3.4V <VBAT< 4.5V. The worst condition is during the burst period transmission, when current consumption is at its highest. During this period, the VBAT voltage is reduced to the lowest level:

- •The output voltage of the power supply drops.
- •Voltage drop is present between the power supply output and the GSM module supply pins (VBAT).



#### 3.3 Voltage Versus Distance

Depending on the distance between the power supply and the GSM module, behavior is described as figure 4:

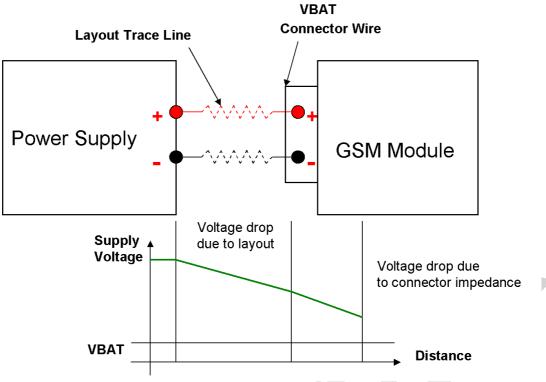


Figure 4: Voltage drop versus distance

#### 3.4 Design Recommendation

Additional notes to the design of power supply circuit:

- Quality attention must be paid to the power supply circuit for their resistance value and burst current.
- The circuit line between power supply input to VBAT should try to avoid interference of other source of signals.
- Decoupling capacitors.

#### 3.4.1 Power Supply Selection

Power supply selection must fulfill following conditions:

- By using large capacity and low ESR capacitors, the system can avoid influence of over burst current.
- The power sources must have good ripple rejection. In another word, the ripple value of current input to VBAT should be as low as possible.
- Low output resistance.

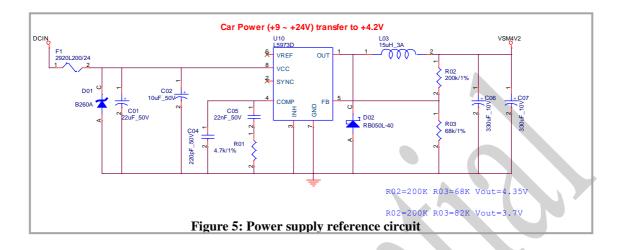
#### 3.4.2 Power Supply Circuit Recommendation

Interferences of other signal sources to the power supply must be avoided.

VBAT connection pins: Pins 26, 27, 28, 29, 30

- Track line width between the power supply and GSM VBAT input should be 3mm.
- The power circuit lines should be separated from other signal lines (e.g. Audio/SIM/UART... etc) by ground
- Makes sure to avoid having any signal lines going under the power lines.

- D01 of the input side is used to avoid over voltage of burst current to damage internal circuit. It can also avoid wrong connection of positive and negative poles.
- R02/R03 of the output side is to adjust output voltage
- Value of C06/C07 is 330uF and needs to be Low ESR capacitors.

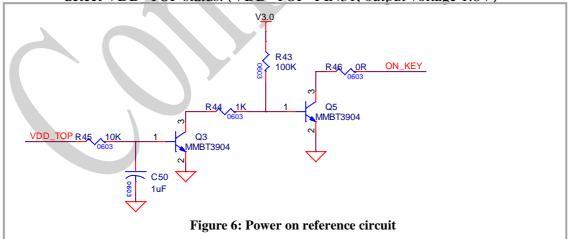


#### 3.4.3 Power ON & reset circuit recommendation

User can use ON\_KEY (PIN 41) for system reset. Pull low for 300ms to active to re-power on the system.

Power on reset recommendation circuit works as follow principles:

- 1. Before power on, VDD\_TOP=Low, ON\_KEY=Low
- 2. When the power ON, VDD\_TOP=High, ON\_KEY=High
- 3. If the system crashes then the VDD\_TOP is pulled low and ON\_KEY is pulled high automatically to reset the system by software.
- 4. VDD\_TOP is always high if system functions normally. User can use GPIO to detect VDD\_TOP status. (VDD\_TOP=PIN31, output voltage 1.8V)



#### **3.4.4** Decoupling capacitors

The value of decoupling capacitors is 33pF/100uF, and recommended location is close to the VBAT supply pins. The purpose of these decoupling capacitors is to avoid EMI interferences.

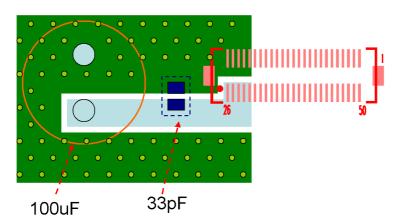


Figure 7: Value of decoupling capacitors

### Interfaces

#### 4.1UART Interface

#### 4.1.1 UART interface characteristic and pin out description

ADH8066 has two UARTs, both are available on the bottom connector. UARTO is used to communicate with host systems, and to download the memory FLASH. The interface configuration is described as follow tables:

Table 2: UART Dat		
Description	Configurations	
Baud rate	115,200	
Data bits	8 bits	
Stop bit	1	
Parity check	Non	
HW flow control	Non	

Table 3: U	Table 3: UART0 pin out description			
UART0	Connector Pin	Description		
RXD0	17	Receive Data		
TXD0	15	Transmit Data		
DCD0	39	Data Carrier Detected		
DTR0	33	Data Terminal Ready		
DSR0	35	Data Set Ready		
RTS0	37	Request To Send		
CTS0	34	Clear to Send		
RI0	32	Ring Indication		

#### Table 4: UART1 pin out connector

UART1	Connector Pin	Description
RXD1	16	Receive Data
TXD1	14	Transmit Data

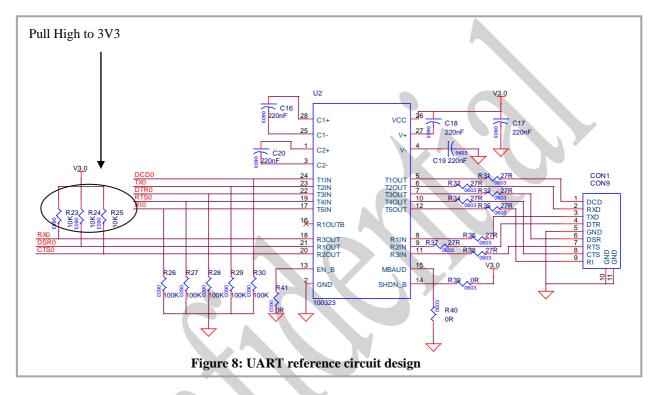
#### **Table 5: Electrical characteristics**

ITEM	Description	UART0 interface (UART1 for system)	
		MIN	MAX
Vil	Low level voltage input		(0.3 x VDD_IO_HIGH) 0.87V
Vih	high level voltage input	(0.7 x VDD_IO_HIGH) 2.03V	
Vol	Low level voltage Output		0.4 V
Voh	High level voltage output	(VDD_IO_HIGH-0.4V) 2.5V	

Iil	Low level input current	1 μΑ
Iih	High level input current	1 μΑ
Iol	Low level output current	4 mA
Ioh	High level output current	-4 mA

The ESD/EMI IC has internal resistors in the range of 72 W to 88W.

#### 4.1.2 UARTO interface reference circuit design

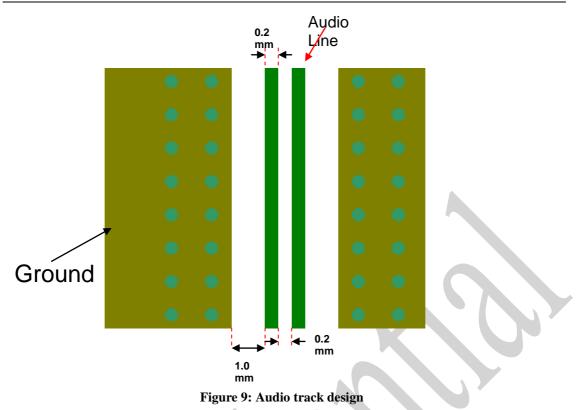


#### 4.2 Audio Interface

Two different microphone inputs and two speaker outputs are supported on ADH8066.

#### 4.2.1 Audio track and PCB Layout Recommendation

To avoid TDMA noise, it is recommended to surround the audio tracks by ground:



#### 4.2.2 Microphone Inputs

The MIC1 and MIC2 inputs already include the biasing for an electric microphone, allowing easy connection to a headset. The circuit design is as below picture. Please note that Audio\_GND (Pin42) needs to be connected to Audio Jack GND.

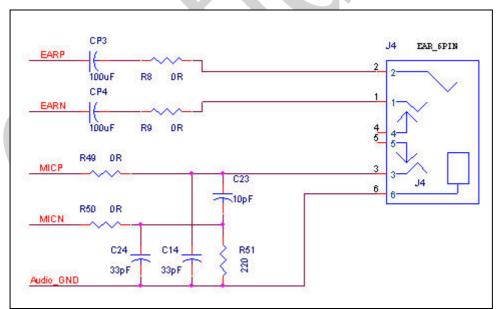


Figure 10: Reference circuit for microphone inputs

### 4.3 SIM Interface

ADH8066 supports 1.8V and 3.3V SIM cards. SIM\_VCC can be connected to 1.8V or 3.3V power source.

#### 4.3.1 SIM interface circuit design

ADH8066 has with SIM holder without SIM holder version. If you chose to use ADH8066 without SIM holder, please pay attention to place two capacitors in the circuit design described as follows:

- 1.  $10\mu$ F: close to the GSM module connector;
- 2. 100nF: close to the SIM connector.

These two capacitors are to avoid EMC problems. In addition, PESDXL4UW/TVSX4 connected to SIM track is to avoid ESD problem.

To implement SIM detection function, a resistor is required to add to the trace of PIN5. You need to select a SIM holder with the detection pin.

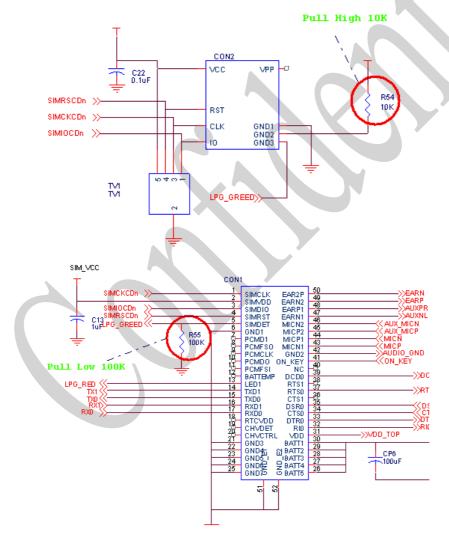


Figure 11: Reference circuit for SIM interface

#### 4.3.2 SIM Layout

It's important to pay additional caution to the ESD component of SIM connector layout. Following are suggested guidelines for the layout of SIM holder.

- 1. The ESD component should be placed as close as possible to the SIM connector.
- 2. The ESD component should be connected to a clean ground to perform well.
- 3. Track between ESD to SIM connector should be 8mil wide.
- 4. Each signal track of SIM circuit needs to be surrounded by ground.
- 5. Tracks distance between SIM connector and GSM module connector should be below 10 cm.

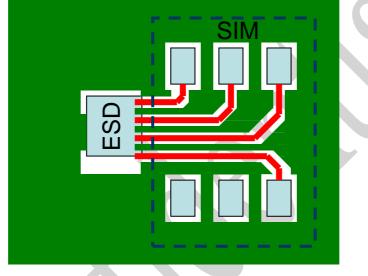


Figure 12: SIM connector layout reference

#### 4.3.3 SIM Card Interface

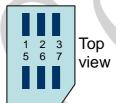
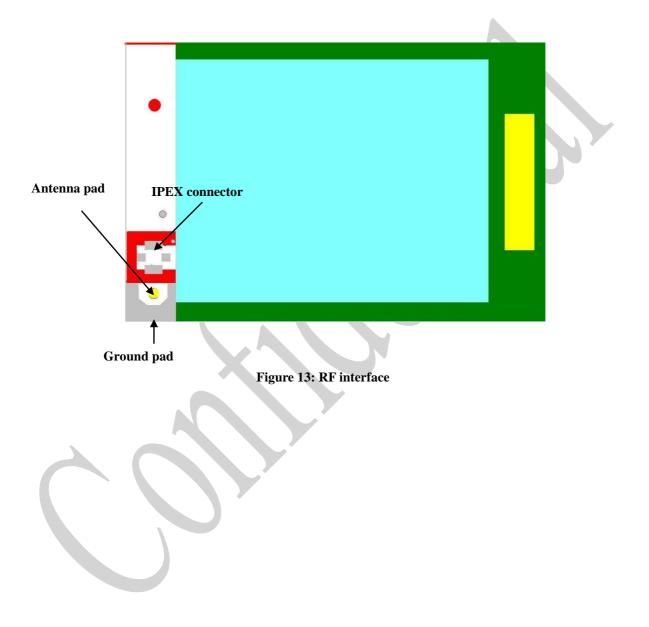


Table 6: SIM connector pin out

Pin number	Schematics name	Description
1	SIM_VCC	Supply voltage (1.8 or 3V)
2	SIMRSCDn_ESD	Reset for SIM card
3	SIMCKCDn_ESD	Clock for SIM card
5	GND	Ground
6	SIM_VCC	Supply voltage (1.8 or 3V)
7	SIMIOCD_ESD	I/O line to/from SIM card

### 4.4 RF interface

When the antenna is connected to the module through a  $50\,\Omega$  coaxial cable, the coaxial cable must be connected to both the "Antenna pad" and the "Ground pad". It is recommended to use an RG178 coaxial cable with the following stripping and mounting guidelines. User needs to select RF cable with minimum signal loss at GSM 850/E-GSM 900Mhz and DCS 1800/PCS 1900Mhz.



### 4.5LED Indicators

PIN 5 and PIN 13 can be used as system indicators (refer to enhanced AT command for function switch):

PIN 5: When the output is at high level, the system is ready to accept AT command.

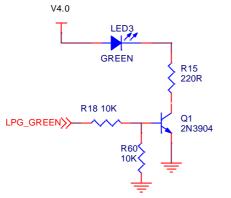
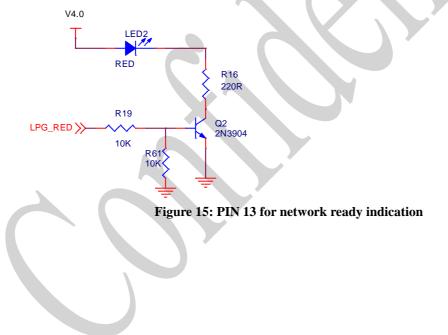


Figure 14: PIN 5 for system ready indication

PIN 13: When the output is at high level, the module had camped on the network.



### 5. Power ON/OFF Procedure

ON\_KEY: used for Power ON/OFF and this pin is active low. Please refer to the recommended circuit below.

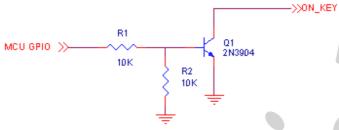


Figure 16: Recommended ON\_KEY circuit

For power on and off, it is recommended to follow the procedure and time interval as shown below:

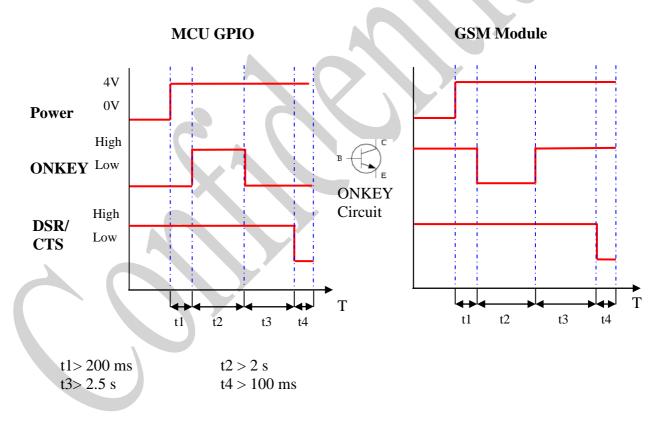


Figure 17: Power ON sequence

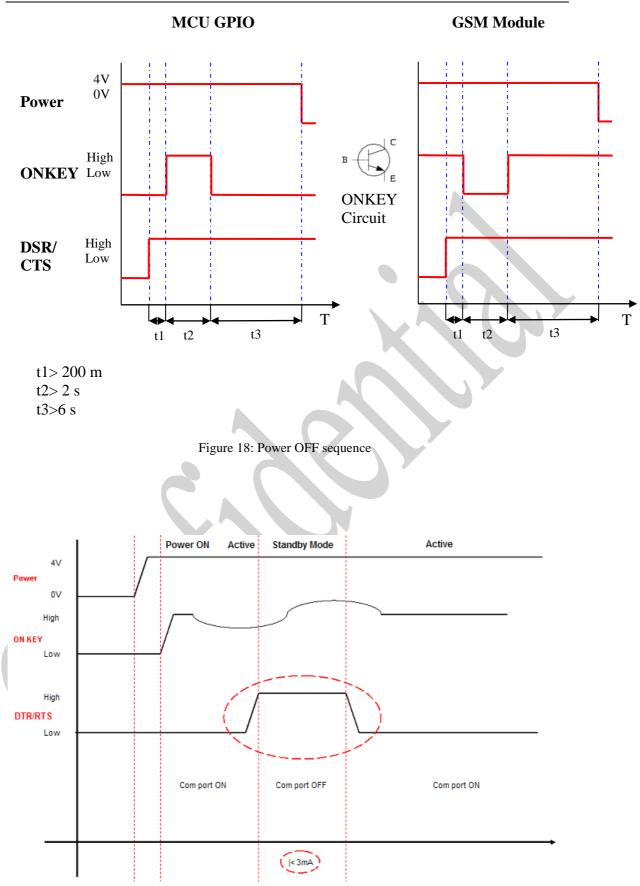


Figure 19: GSM Standby Process

### **Electrical & Environmental Characteristics**

Table 7: MIC 1 audio input elec	ctrical require	ments				
Parameter		Typical Value				
Maximum input level (MIC+MIC-)		32.5mVrms				
Differential input resistance (MICI+-MICI-)		220 ΚΩ				
MIC Skew voltage		1.9~2.1V				
	2.0~2.2V					
Table 8: MIC1 audio output ele	ctrical inform	ation				
Parameter		Testing condition	MIN	TYP	MAX	
Resistance (MIC+-MIC-)		4VPP Output	16Ω	-	-	
		3V 1KHz	<1Ω	-	-	
Table 9: EAR 1 audio output el	ectrical inforn	nation				
Parameter		Testing condition	MIN	TYP	MAX	
EAR+ or EAR - maximum capacitance differential		Differentiate 4VPP	K. I		1%	
EAR+ or EAR - maximum output		16Ω 5%	3.1VPP	-	43.92VPP	
		4Ω 5%	1.2VPP	-) (	1.5VPP	
Table 10: EAR2 audio output el	lectrical inform	nation			1	
Parameter		Testing condition	MIN	TYP	MAX	
EAR+ or EAR - capacitance differential		Differential 4VPP	-	-	1%	
EAR+ or EAR - maximum output		16Ω 5%	3.1VPP	-	43.92VPP	
		4Ω 5%	1.2VPP	-	1.5VPP	
Table 11: Input power requiren						
Parameter	Min	Тур	Max		Unit	
VBat+	3.4	4.0	4.5	V		
Table 12: Operation current rec					<b>TT</b> .	
Operation mode	Min	ТҮР	Max		Unit	
Standby mode	-	-	2	mA		
Talking mode -		250	-	mA	mA	
GPRS data transmission -		350(GPRS4+1)	-	mA	mA	
Power off mode -			100	μA		
				•		

#### Table 7: MIC 1 audio input electrical requirements

### Appendix 1. Summary of Pin Out

The board to board connection pin definitions of ADH8066 are described as below table:

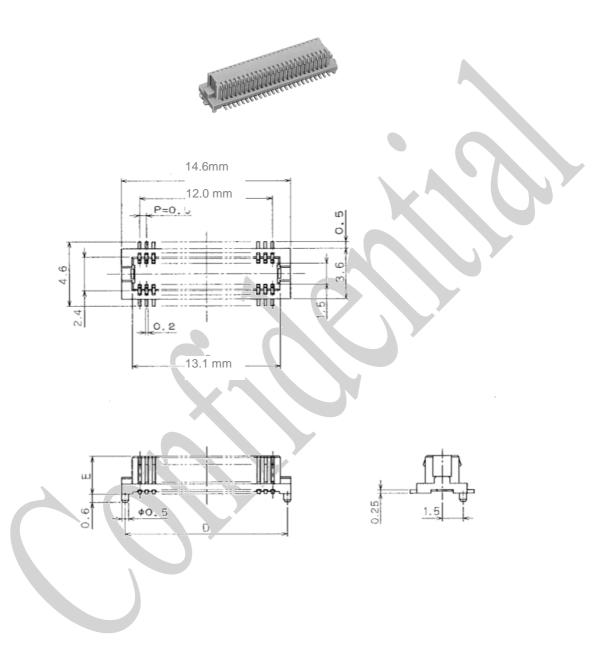
PIN.NO	PIN.NAME	Note			
1	SIMCLK				
2	SIMVDD				
3	SIMIO	SIM Card interface, supporting 1.8V/3V SIM card			
4	SIMRST				
5	GPIO10	Default as ready for AT COMMAND, can be used as SIM detector			
6	GND	Ground			
7	PCMDI	PCM data input			
8	PCMFSO	PCM frame synchronization			
9	PCMCLK	PCM clk			
10	PCMDO	PCM data output			
11	ADC1	Adc1			
12	BATTEMP	Adc2 (bat temp)			
13	GPIO3	Default as GSM network indicator			
14	TXD1	UART1 Data Output			
15	TXD0	UART0 Data Output			
16	RXD1	UART1 Data Input			
17	RXD0	UART0 Data Input			
18	VCHAGE	Charging interrupt detection, also can be used as charging pin with current limit under 400Ma.			
19	VCHAGE	Charging interrupt detection, also can be used as charging pin with current limit under 400Ma.			
20	CHV_DRV	CHV_DRV charging control			
21	GND				
22	GND				
23	GND	Ground			
24	GND				
25	GND				
26	VBAT				
27	VBAT				
28	VBAT	Power input positive, input voltage is limited to 3.4V~4.5V.			
29	VBAT				
30	VBAT				
31	V1.8	1.8V Power output with load of 50mA			
32	RIO	UART0 ring tone indicator output, can also be used as GPIO or interrupt.			
33	DTR0	UART0 Ready to receive, can be used as GPIO			
34	CTS0	UART0 Permission to sent			

35	DSR0	UART0 Ready to receive, can be used as GPIO or interrupt		
36	IICSCL	NC		
37	RTS0	UART0 Request to send (Output)		
38	IICSDA	NC		
39	DCD0	UART0		
40	CHV_MAX	NC		
41	ON_KEY	Power On/OFF signal. Effective at low. Required 100ms above power level		
42	GND			
43	MIC1_P	Mic 1 in positive		
44	MIC1_N	Mic 1 in negative		
45	MIC2_P	Mic 2 in positive		
46	MIC2_N	Mic 2 in negative		
47	AUXOUTP	AUX out 2 positive		
48	AUXOUTN	AUX out 2 negative		
49	EARP	Audio out 1 positive		
50	EARN	Audio out 1 negative		

### Appendix 2. Board to Board connector dimension

ADH8066 connector is a 50 Pin Board to Board connector with 0.5mm pitch as pig 2-1. The model number is Hirose's DF12C(3.0)-50DS-0.5V. The connector is as figure 14.

Figure 19: 50 pin board to board connector



### **Appendix 3. Antenna Connector**

Antenna interface of ADH8066 is GSC RF connector to be connected with an external antenna cable to the module. ADH8066 uses an ultra-miniature SMT antenna (Model Name: U.FL-R-SMT) connector from Hirose Ltd. The physical dimension of antenna connector is described in below figure.

