

MULTI-INNO TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

www.multi-inno.com

OLED MODULE SPECIFICATION

Model : MI9639BO-B

For Customer's Acceptance:

Customer		
Approved		
Comment		

Revision	1.1
Engineering	
Date	2012-12-19
Our Reference	



REVISION RECORD

1.0 2011-02-03 Preliminary 1.1 2012-12-19 Update life time 1.1 2012-12-19 Update life time 1.1 1 1 1.1 1 1 1.1 2012-12-19 Update life time 1.1 1 1	REV NO.	REV DATE	CONTENTS	REMARKS
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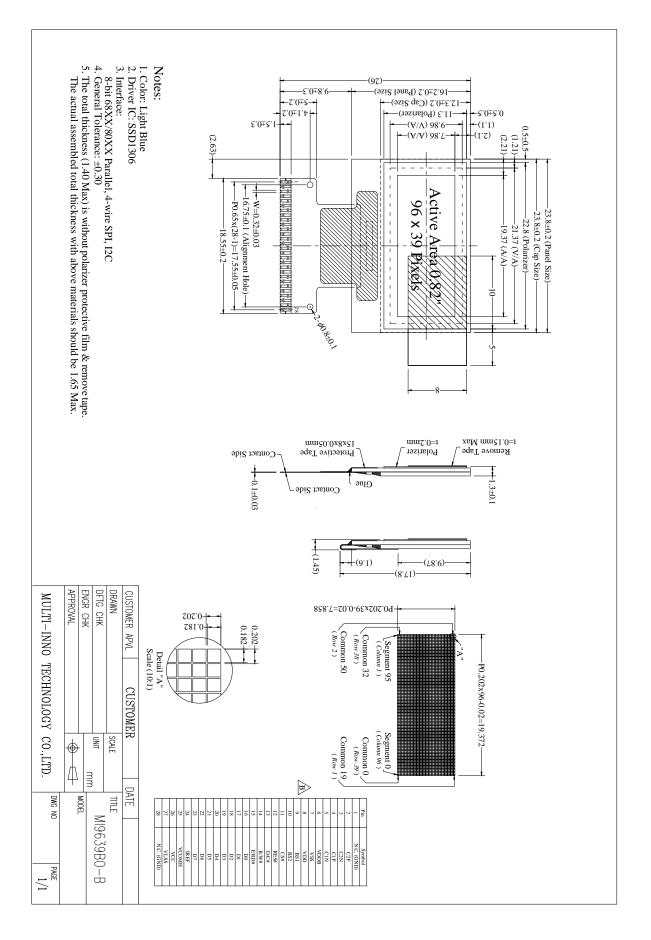


■ PHYSICAL DATA

No.	Items	Specification	Unit
1	Display Mode	Passive Matrix OLED	-
2	Display Color	Monochrome (Light Blue)	-
3	Duty	1/39	-
4	Resolution	96 (H) x 39 (V)	Pixel
5	Active Area	19.372 (W) x 7.858 (H)	mm
6	Outline Dimension	23.80 (W) x 16.20 (H) x 1.30 (D)	mm
7	Pixel Pitch	0.202 (W) x 0.202 (H)	mm
8	Pixel Size	0.182 (W) x 0.182 (H)	mm
9	Driver IC	SSD1306	-
10	Interface	8-bit parallel,4-wire SPI,I2C	-
11	Weight	0.99	g



EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS





Items	Symbol	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit	Notes
Supply voltage for logic	V _{DD}	-0.3	-	4	V	1,2
Supply voltage for display	V _{CC}	0	-	11.0	V	1,2
Supply voltage for DC/DC	V _{DDB}	-0.3	-	5.0	V	1,2
Operating temperature	Тор	-40	-	70	°C	-
Storage temperature	Tst	-40	-	85	°C	3
Life time(100cd/m ²)	-	20,000	-	-	hour	4
Humidity	-	-	-	90	%RH	-

Note 1: All the above voltages are on the basis of "V $_{SS} = 0V$ ".

Note 2: When this module is used beyond the above absolute maximum ratings, permanent breakage of the module may occur. Also, for normal operations, it is desirable to use this module under the conditions according to "electro-optical characteristics". If this module is used beyond these conditions, malfunctioning of the module can occur and the reliability of the module may deteriorate.

Note 3: The defined temperature ranges do not include the polarizer. The maximum withstood temperature temperature of the polarizer should be 80°C.

Note 4: $V_{CC} = 7.25V$, T_a = 25 °C, 50% Checkerboard.

Software configuration follows Actual Application Example .

End of lifetime is specified as 50% of initial brightness reached. The average operating lifetime at room temperature is estimated by the accelerated operation at high temperature conditions.



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

◆DC Characteristics

Items	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Supply voltage for logic	V _{DD}		1.65	2.8	3.3	V
Supply voltage for display (Supplied externally)	V _{CC}	Note 5 Internal DC/DC disable	7.0	7.25	7.5	V
Supply voltage for DC/DC	V _{DDB}	Internal DC/DC enable	3.3	-	4.2	V
Supply voltage for display (Generated by internal DC/DC)	V _{CC}	Internal DC/DC enable	7.0	-	7.5	V
High level input	V _{IH}	I _{OUT} = 100μA, 3.3MH	$0.8 \ge V_{DD}$	-	V _{DD}	V
Low level input	V _{IL}	$I_{OUT} = 100 \mu A, 3.3 MH$	0	-	$0.2 \text{ x V}_{\text{DD}}$	V
High level output	VOH	I _{OUT} = 100μA, 3.3MH	0.9 x V _{DD}	-	V _{DD}	V
Low level output	Vol	$I_{OUT} = 100 \mu A, 3.3 MH$	0	-	0.1x V _{DD}	V
Operating current for V _{DD}	I _{DD}		-	180	300	μA
		Note 6	-	2.3	2.9	mA
Operating current for V _{CC} (V _{CC} Supplied externally)	I _{CC}	Note 7	-	3.6	4.5	mA
		Note 8	-	7.2	9.0	mA
Operating current for V _{DDB}		Note 6	-	6.9	8.6	mA
$(V_{CC} Generated by internal$	I _{DDB}	Note 7	-	10.9	13.6	mA
DC/DC)		Note 8	-	20.8	26.0	mA
Sleep mode current for V _{DD}	I _{DD,SLEEP}		-	1	5	μA
Sleep mode current for V_{CC}	I _{CC,SLEEP}		-	2	10	μA

- Note 5: Supply Voltage for Display (V_{CC}) are subject to the change of the panel characteristics and the customer's request.
- Note 6: V_{DD} = 2.8V, V_{CC} = 7.25V, 30% Display Area Turn on.
- Note 7: V_{DD} = 2.8V, V_{CC} = 7.25V, 50% Display Area Turn on.
- Note 8: V_{DD} = 2.8V, V_{CC} = 7.25V, 100% Display Area Turn on.
- * Software configuration follows Actual Application Example .

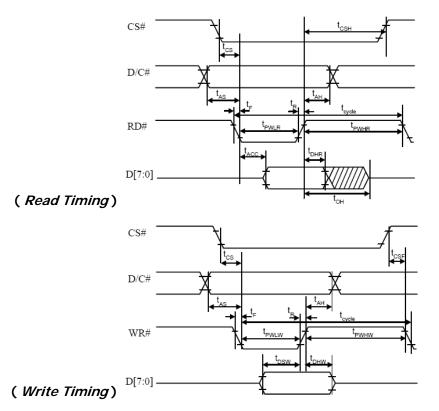


AC Characteristics

1. 80XX-Series MPU Parallel Interface Timing Characteristics:

Symbol	Description	Min	Мах	Unit
t _{cycle}	Clock Cycle Time	300	-	ns
t _{AS}	Address Setup Time	10	-	ns
t _{AH}	Address Hold Time	0	-	ns
t_{DSW}	Write Data Setup Time	40	-	ns
t_{DHW}	Write Data Hold Time	7	-	ns
t _{DHR}	Read Data Hold Time	20	-	ns
t _{он}	Output Disable Time	-	70	ns
t _{ACC}	Access Time	-	140	ns
t_{PWLR}	Read Low Time	120	-	ns
t_{PWLW}	Write Low Time	60	-	ns
t _{PWHR}	Read High Time	60	-	ns
t _{PWHW}	Write High Time	60	-	ns
t _{cs}	Chip Select Setup Time	0	-	ns
t_{CSH}	Chip Select Hold Time to Read Signal	0	-	ns
t_{CSF}	Chip Select Hold Time	20	-	ns
t _R	Rise Time	-	40	ns
t _F	Fall Time	-	40	ns

* (V_{DD} - V_{SS} = 1.65V to 3.3V, T_a = 25°C)

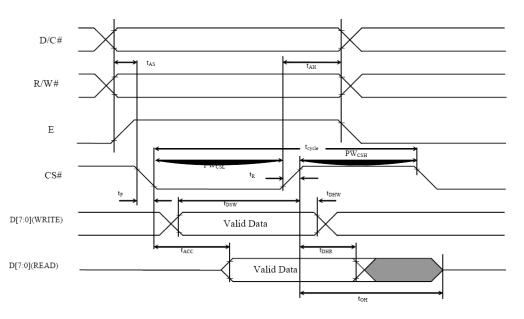




2. 68XX-Series MPU Parallel Interface Timing Characteristics:

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
t _{cycle}	Clock Cycle Time	300	-	ns
t_{AS}	Address Setup Time	0	-	ns
t _{AH}	Address Hold Time	0	-	ns
t _{DSW}	Write Data Setup Time	40	-	ns
t _{DHW}	Write Data Hold Time	7	-	ns
t_{DHR}	Read Data Hold Time	20	-	ns
t _{он}	Output Disable Time	-	70	ns
t _{ACC}	Access Time	-	140	ns
	Chip Select Low Pulse Width (Read)	120		22
PW _{CSL}	Chip Select Low Pulse width (Write)	60	-	ns
	Chip Select High Pulse Width (Read)	60		22
PW _{CSH}	Chip Select High Pulse Width (Write)	60	-	ns
t _R	Rise Time	-	40	ns
t _F	Fall Time	-	40	ns

* (V_{DD} - V_{SS} = 1.65V to 3.3V, T_a = 25°C)

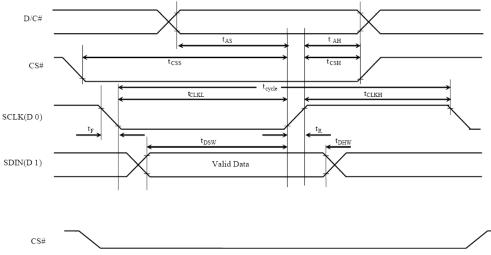


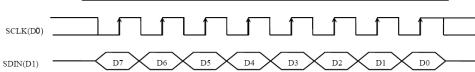


3. Serial Interface Timing Characteristics:

Symbol	Description	Min	Мах	Unit
t_{cycle}	Clock Cycle Time	100	-	ns
t_{AS}	Address Setup Time	15	-	ns
t _{AH}	Address Hold Time	15	-	ns
t_{CSS}	Chip Select Setup Time	20	-	ns
t _{CSH}	Chip Select Hold Time	10	-	ns
t_{DSW}	Write Data Setup Time	15	-	ns
t _{DHW}	Write Data Hold Time	15	-	ns
t _{CLKL}	Clock Low Time	20	-	ns
t _{CLKH}	Clock High Time	20	-	ns
t _R	Rise Time	-	40	ns
t⊧	Fall Time	-	40	ns

* (V_{DD} - V_{SS} = 1.65V to 3.3V, T_a = 25°C)



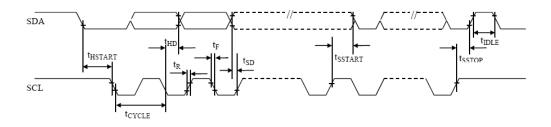




4. I ²C Interface Timing Characteristics:

Symbol	Description	Min	Мах	Unit
t _{cycle}	Clock Cycle Time	2.5	-	μs
t _{HSTART}	Start Condition Hold Time	0.6	-	μs
	Data Hold Time (for "SDA _{OUT} " Pin)	0		
t _{HD}	Data Hold Time (for "SDA _{IN} " Pin)	300	-	ns
t _{sD}	Data Setup Time	100	-	ns
t _{sstart}	Start Condition Setup Time (Only relevant for a repeated Start condition)	0.6	-	μs
t _{SSTOP}	Stop Condition Setup Time	0.6	-	μs
t _R	Rise Time for Data and Clock Pin		300	ns
t _F	Fall Time for Data and Clock Pin		300	ns
t _{IDLE}	Idle Time before a New Transmission can Start	1.3	-	μs

* (V_{DD} - V_{SS} = 1.65V to 3.3V, T_a = 25°C)





■ TIMING OF POWER SUPPLY

1. Commands

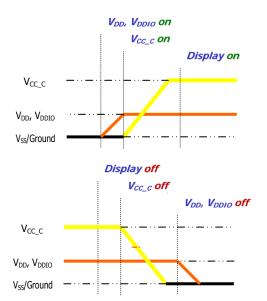
Refer to the Technical Manual for the SSD1306

2. Power down and Power up Sequence

To protect OEL panel and extend the panel life time, the driver IC power up/down routine should include a delay period between high voltage and low voltage power sources during turn on/off. It gives the OEL panel enough time to complete the action of charge and discharge before/after the operation.

2.1 Power up Sequence:

- 1. Power up V_{DD} & V_{DDIO}
- 2. Send Display off command
- 3. Initialization
- 4. Clear Screen
- 5. Power up V_{CC_C}
- 6. Delay 100ms (When V_{CC C} is stable)
- 7. Send Display on command
- 2.2 Power down Sequence:
 - 1. Send Display off command
 - 2. Power down V_{CC_C}
 - Delay 100ms (When V_{CC_C} is reach 0 and panel is completely discharges)
 Power down V_{DD} & V_{DDIO}



Note 9:

- 1) Since an ESD protection circuit is connected between V_{DD} , V_{DDIO} and V_{CC_C} inside the driver IC, V_{CC_C} becomes lower than V_{DD} & V_{DDIO} whenever V_{DD} & V_{DDIO} is ON and V_{CC_C} is OFF.
- 2) V_{CC_c} should be kept float (disable) when it is OFF.
- 3) Power Pins (V_{DD} , V_{DDIO} , $V_{CC_{C}}$) can never be pulled to ground under any circumstance.
- 4) $V_{DD} \& V_{DDIO}$ should not be power down before V_{CC_C} power down.

3. Reset Circuit

When RES# input is low, the chip is initialized with the following status:

- 1. Display is OFF
- 2. 96×39 Display Mode
- 3. Normal segment and display data column and row address mapping (SEG0 mapped to column address 00h and COM0 mapped to row address 00h)
- 4. Shift register data clear in serial interface
- 5. Display start line is set at display RAM address 0
- 6. Column address counter is set at 0
- 7. Normal scan direction of the COM outputs
- 8. Contrast control register is set at 7Fh
- 9. Normal display mode (Equivalent to A4h command)

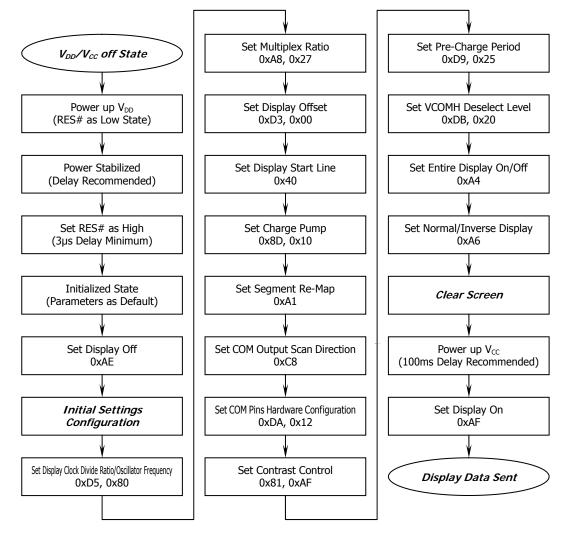


4. Actual Application Example

Command usage and explanation of an actual example

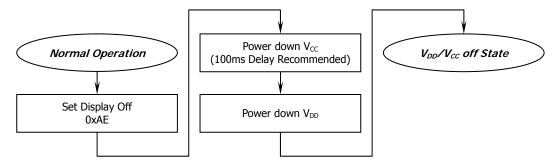
1. V_{CC} Supplied Externally

<Power up Sequence>



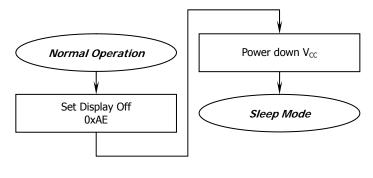
If the noise is accidentally occurred at the displaying window during the operation, please reset the display in order to recover the display function.

<Power down Sequence>

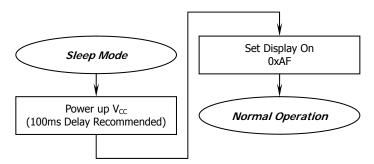




<Entering Sleep Mode>

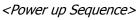


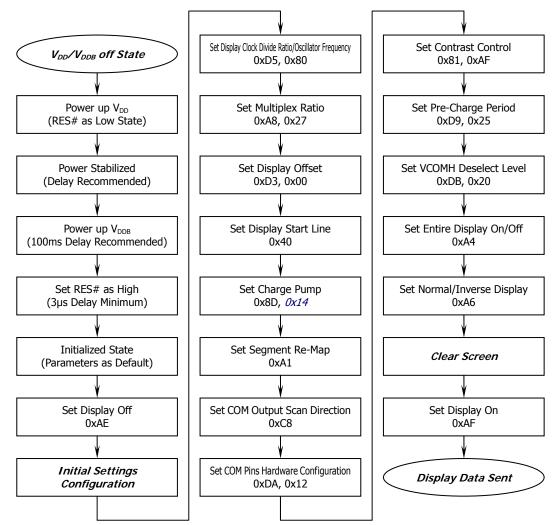
<Exiting Sleep Mode>





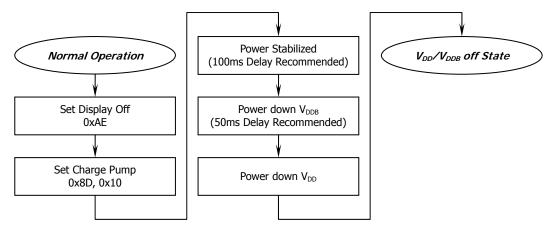
1.2 V_{CC} Generated by Internal DC/DC Circuit





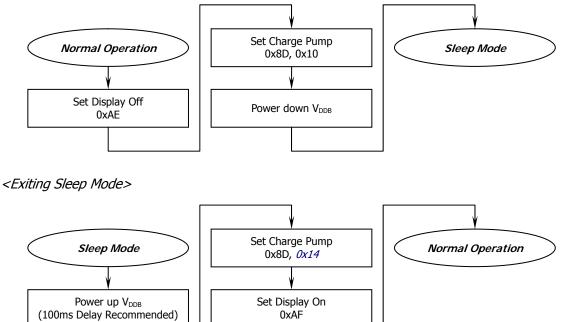
If the noise is accidentally occurred at the displaying window during the operation, please reset the display in order to recover the display function.

<Power down Sequence>





<Entering Sleep Mode>



MULTI-INNO TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.



■ ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta=25°C)

Items		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Brightness	5	Lbr	80	100	-	cd /m ²	Blue
Power Consumption		Р	-	-	-	mW	30% pixels ON L=110cd/m ²
Frame Frequency		Fr	-	-	-	Hz	
Color Coordinate	Blue	CIE x	0.12	0.16	0.20		C.I.E. 1931
Color Coordinate	Diue	CIE y	0.22	0.26	0.30	-	C.I.E. 1951
Desnonse Time	Rise	Tr	-	-	-	ms	-
Response Time Decay		Td	-	-	-	ms	-
Contrast Rat	tio*	Cr	10000:1	-	-		Darkroom
Viewing Angle U	niformity	θ	-	Free	-	Degree	-

Note : Brightness (L $_{br}$) is subject to the change of the panelcharacteristics and the customer's request. *Optical measurement taken at V_{DD} = 2.8V, V_{CC}= 7.25V.

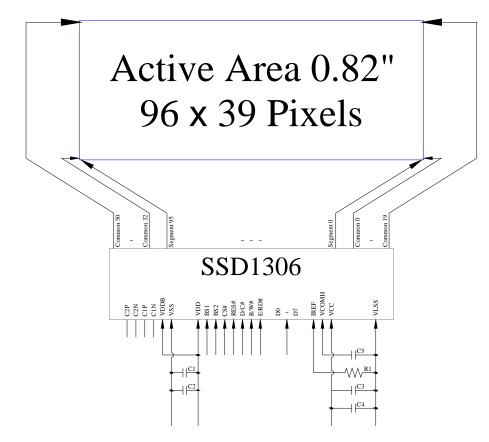
Software configuration follows Actual Application Example .



■ INTERFACE PIN CONNECTIONS

1. Block Diagram

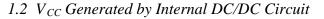
1.1 V_{CC} Supplied Externally

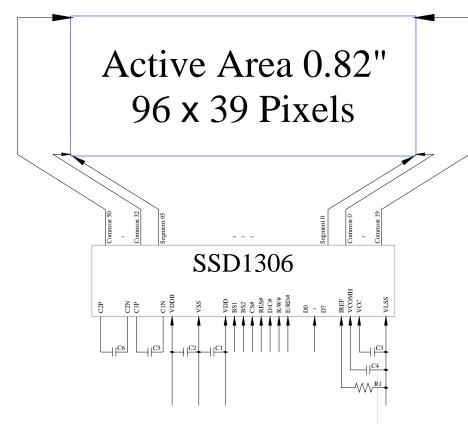


MCU Interface Selection: BS1 and BS2 Pins connected to MCU interface: CS#, RES#, D/C#, R/W#, E/RD#, and D0~D7

C1, C3: 0.1μ F C2: 2.2μ F C4, C5: 4.7μ F / 16V, X7R R1: 390k Ω , R1 = (Voltage at IREF - VSS) / IREF







MCU Interface Selection: BS1 and BS2 Pins connected to MCU interface: CS#, RES#, D/C#, R/W#, E/RD#, and D0~D7

- C1, C2: 1µF
- C3: 2.2µF
- C4: 4.7µF / 16V X7R
- C5, C6: 1µF / 16V X5R
- R1: 390k Ω , R1 = (Voltage at IREF VSS) / IREF



2. Pin Definition

Pin Number	Symbol	1/0	0 Function				
Power Supply	/						
8	VDD	Р	Power Supply for Logic				
	100	•	This is a voltage supply pin. It must be connected to external source.				
7	VSS	Р	Ground of Logic Circuit This is a ground pin. It acts as a reference for the logic pins. It must be				
/	v 33	Г	connected to external ground.				
			Power Supply for OEL Panel				
26		Б	This is the most positive voltage supply pin of the chip. A stabilization capacitor				
26	VCC	Р	should be connected between this pin and V_{SS} when the converter is used. It				
			must be connected to external source when the converter is not used.				
27	VLSS	Р	Ground of Analog Circuit				
		•	This is an analog ground pin. It should be connected to V_{SS} externally.				
Driver							
24	TDEE	Ŧ	Current Reference for Brightness Adjustment				
24	IREF	I	This pin is segment current reference pin. A resistor should be connected between this pin and V_{SS} . Set the current at 12.5µA maximum.				
			Voltage Output High Level for COM Signal				
25	VCOMH	0	This pin is the input pin for the voltage output high level for COM signals. A				
25	Veerin	Ŭ	capacitor should be connected between this pin and V_{ss} .				
DC/DC Conve	erter						
			Power Supply for DC/DC Converter Circuit				
C			his is the power supply pin for the internal buffer of the DC/DC volta e converter.				
6	VBAT		It must be connected to external source when the converter is used. It should be				
			connected to V _{DD} when the converter is not used.				
4 / 5			Positive Terminal of the Flying Inverting Capacitor				
4/5	C1P / C1N	Ι	Negative Terminal of the Flying Boost Capacitor				
2/3	C2P / C2N		The charge-pump capacitors are required between the terminals. They must be floated when the converter is not used.				
Interface							
Interface							
			Communicating Protocol Selection				
			These pins are MCU interface selection input. See the following table: BS1 BS2				
9	BS1	Ι	I^2C I O				
10	BS2	1	4-wire SPI 0 0				
			8-bit 68XX Parallel 0 1				
			8-bit 80XX Parallel 1 1				
			Power Reset for Controller and Driver				
12	RES#	I	This pin is reset signal input. When the pin is low, initialization of the chip is				
			executed.				
11	CS#	т	Chip Select				
11	CS#	I	This pin is the chip select input. The chip is enabled for MCU communication only when CS# is pulled low.				
			Data/Command Control				
			This pin is Data/Command control pin. When the pin is pulled high, the input at				
			$D7\sim D0$ is treated as display data. When the pin is pulled low, the input at $D7\sim D0$				
			will be transferred to the command register. For detail relationship to MCU				
13	D/C#	I	interface signals, please refer to the Timing Characteristics Diagrams.				
I			When the pin is pulled high and serial interface mode is selected, the data at SDIN				
	1		is treated as data. When it is pulled low, the data at SDIN will be transferred to the command register. In I ² C mode, this pin acts as SA0 for slave address				
	1		THE COMMAND LEUSTER THE COMMON HIS DUI ACTS AS SAUTION SLAVE ADDRESS				
			selection.				
			selection. Read/Write Enable or Read				
			selection. Read/Write Enable or Read This pin is MCU interface input. When interfacing to a 68XX-series				
	E (00 %		selection. Read/Write Enable or Read This pin is MCU interface input. When interfacing to a 68XX-series microprocessor, this pin will be used as the Enable (E) signal. Read/write operation				
15	E/RD#	I	selection. Read/Write Enable or Read This pin is MCU interface input. When interfacing to a 68XX-series microprocessor, this pin will be used as the Enable (E) signal. Read/write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled high and the CS# is pulled low.				
15	E/RD#	I	selection. Read/Write Enable or Read This pin is MCU interface input. When interfacing to a 68XX-series microprocessor, this pin will be used as the Enable (E) signal. Read/write operation				



Pin Number	Symbol	1/0	Function			
Interface(Continued)						
14	R/W#	I	Read/Write Select or Write This pin is MCU interface input. When interfacing to a 68XX-series microprocessor, this pin will be used as Read/Write (R/W#) selection input. Pul this pin to "High" for read mode and pull it to "Low" for write mode. When 80XX interface mode is selected, this pin will be the Write (WR#) input Data write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled low and the CS# is pulled low.			
16~23	D0~D7	I/O	Host Data Input/Output Bus These pins are 8-bit bi-directional data bus to be connected to the microprocessor's data bus. When serial mode is selected, D1 will be the serial data input SDIN and D0 will be the serial clock input SCLK. When I ² C mode is selected, D2 & D1 should be tired together and serve as SDA _{out} & SDA _{in} in application and D0 is the serial clock input SCL.			
Reserve						
1, 28	N.C. (GND)	-	Reserved Pin (Supporting Pin) The supporting pins can reduce the influences from stresses on the function pins. These pins must be connected to external ground as the ESD protection circuit.			



RELIABILITY TESTS

	Item	Condition	Criterion		
High Te	emperature Storage (HTS)	85±2°C, 120 hours	 After testing, the function test is ok. After testing, no addition to the defect. 		
High Ter	nperature Operating (HTO)	$70\pm2^{\circ}$ C, 120 hours	3. After testing, the change of luminance should be within +/- 50% of initial value.		
Low Temperature Storage (LTS)		-40 $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C, 120 hours	4. After testing, the change for the mono and area color must be within (+/-0.02, +/-		
Low Temperature Operating (LTO)		-40 $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C, 120 hours	(+/-0.02, +/) 0.02) and for the full color it must be within (+/-0.04, +/-0.04) of initial value based on		
High Temperature / High Humidity Storage (HTHHS)		60±3℃, 90%±3%RH, 120 hours	 5. After testing, the change of total current consumption should be 		
Thermal Shock (Non-operation) (TS)		-40±2°C ~ 25°C ~ 85±2°C (30min) (5min) (30min) 24cycles	within +/- 50% of initial value.		
Vibration (Packing)	10~55~10Hz,amplitu de 1.5mm, 1 hour for each direction x, y, z	1. One box for each test.			
Drop (Packing)	Height : 1 m, each time for 6 sides, 3 edges, 1 angle	2. No addition to the cosmetic and the electrical defects.			

Note: 1) For each reliability test, the sample quantity is 3, and only for one test item.

2) The HTHHS test is requested the Pure Water(Resistance>10M Ω).

Ver 1.1

■OUTGOING QUALITY CONTROL SPECIFICATION

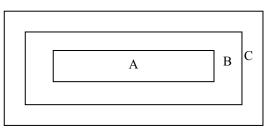
◆ Standard

According to GB/T2828.1-2003/ISO 2859-1: 1999 and ANSI/ASQC Z1.4-1993, General Inspection Level II.

Definition

1 Major defect : The defect that greatly affect the usability of product.

- 2 Minor defect : The other defects, such as cosmetic defects, etc.
- 3 Definition of inspection zone:



Zone A: Active Area

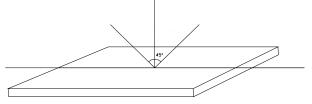
Zone B: Viewing Area except Zone A

Zone C: Outside Viewing Area

Note: As a general rule, visual defects in Zone C are permissible, when it is no trouble of quality and assembly to customer's product.

♦Inspection Methods

1 The general inspection : under 20W x 2 or 40W fluorescent light, about 30cm viewing distance, within 45° viewing angle, under 25±5℃.



2 The luminance and color coordinate inspection : By PR705 or BM-7 or the equal equipments, in the dark room, under 25±5℃.

Inspection Criteria

1 Major defect : AQL= 0.65

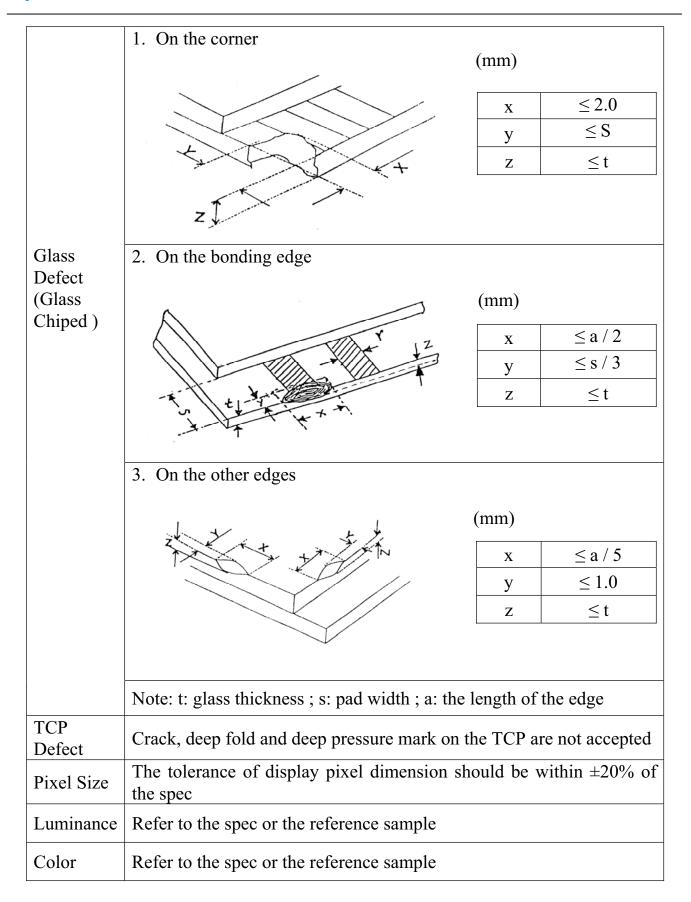
Item	Criterion				
	1. No display or abnormal display is not accepted				
Function Defect	2. Open or short is not accepted.				
	3. Power consumption exceeding the spec is not accepted.				
Outline Dimension Outline dimension exceeding the spec is not accept					
Glass Crack Glass crack tends to enlarge is not accepted.					

2 Minor Defect : AQL= 1.5



Item	Criterion							
Spot Defect (dimming and lighting spot)	Size	(mm)	Accepted Qty					
		Area A + Area B	Area C					
		Φ≦0.10	Ignored					
		$0.10 < \Phi \le 0.15$	3	Ignored				
	X	0.15<Φ≦0.20	1					
	==	0.20<Φ	0					
	Note : $\Phi = (x + y) / 2$							
Line Defect (dimming and lighting line)	L (Length): mm	W (Width): mm	Area A + Area B	Area C				
	/	W≦0.03	Ignored					
	L≦3.0	$0.03 < W \le 0.05$	2	Ignored lefect				
	L≦2.0	$0.05 < W \le 0.08$	1					
	/	0.08 <w< td=""><td>As spot defect</td></w<>	As spot defect					
Remarks: The total of spot defect and line defect shall not exceed 4 pcs.								
Polarizer Stain	Stain which can be wiped off lightly with a soft cloth or similar cleaning is accepted, otherwise, according to the Spot Defect and the Line Defect.							
Polarizer Scratch	1. If scratch can be seen during operation, according to the criterions of the Spot Defect and the Line Defect.							
	2. If scratch can be seen only under non-operation or some special angle, the criterion is as below :							
	L (Length): mm	W (Width): mm	Area A + Area B	Area C				
	/	W≦0.03	Ignore					
	5.0 <l≦10.0< td=""><td>$0.03 < W \le 0.05$</td><td>2</td><td rowspan="2">Ignore</td></l≦10.0<>	$0.03 < W \le 0.05$	2	Ignore				
	L≦5.0	$0.05 < W \le 0.08$	1					
	/	0.08 <w< td=""><td>0</td><td colspan="2">1</td></w<>	0	1				
	Si	ze	Area A + Area B	Area C				
D.1.		$\Phi \leq 0.20$	Ignored					
Polarizer Air Bubble		$0.20 < \Phi \le 0.50$	2	Ignored				
	X	$0.50 < \Phi \le 0.80$	1					
		$0.80{<}\Phi$	0					







■ CAUTIONS IN USING OLED MODULE

Precautions For Handling OLED Module:

- 1. OLED module consists of glass and polarizer. Pay attention to the following items when handling:
 - i. Avoid drop from high, avoid excessive impact and pressure.
 - ii. Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with anything harder than an HB pencil lead.
 - iii. If the surface becomes dirty, breathe on the surface and gently wipe it off with a soft dry cloth. If it is terrible dirty, moisten the soft cloth with Isopropyl alcohol or Ethyl alcohol. Other solvents may damage the polarizer. Especially water, Ketone and Aromatic solvents.
 - iv. Wipe off saliva or water drops immediately, contact the polarizer with water over a long period of time may cause deformation.
 - v. Please keep the temperature within specified range for use and storage. Polarization degradation, bubble generation or polarizer peeling-off may occur with high temperature and high humidity.
 - vi. Condensation on the surface and the terminals due to cold or anything will damage, stain or dirty the polarizer, so make it clean as the way of iii.
- 2. Do not attempt to disassemble or process the OLED Module.
- 3. Make sure the TCP or the FPC of the Module is free of twisting, warping and distortion, do not pull or bend them forcefully, especially the soldering pins. On the other side, the SLIT part of the TCP is made to bend in the necessary case.
- 4. When assembling the module into other equipment, give the glass enough space to avoid excessive pressure on the glass, especially the glass cover which is much more fragile.
- 5. Be sure to keep the air pressure under 120 kPa, otherwise the glass cover is to be cracked.
- 6. Be careful to prevent damage by static electricity:
 - i. Be sure to ground the body when handling the OLED Modules.
 - ii. All machines and tools required for assembling, such as soldering irons, must be properly grounded.
 - iii. Do not assemble and do no other work under dry conditions to reduce the amount of static electricity generated. A relative humidity of 50%-60% is recommended.
 - iv. Peel off the protective film slowly to avoid the amount of static electricity generated.
 - v. Avoid to touch the circuit, the soldering pins and the IC on the Module by the body.
 - vi. Be sure to use anti-static package.
- 7. Contamination on terminals can cause an electrochemical reaction and corrade the terminal circuit, so make it clean anytime.
- 8. All terminals should be open, do not attach any conductor or semiconductor on the terminals.
- 9. When the logic circuit power is off, do not apply the input signals.
- 10. Power on sequence: $V_{DD} \rightarrow V_{PP}$, and power off sequence: $V_{PP} \rightarrow V_{DD}$.
- 11. Be sure to keep temperature, humidity and voltage within the ranges of the spec, otherwise shorten Module' s life time, even make it damaged.
- 12. Be sure to drive the OLED Module following the Specification and Datasheet of IC controller, otherwise something wrong may be seen.



13.When displaying images, keep them rolling, and avoid one fixed image displaying more than 30 seconds, otherwise the residue image is to be seen. This is the speciality of OLED.

Precautions For Soldering OLED Module:

- 1. Soldering temperature : $260^{\circ}C \pm 10^{\circ}C$.
- 2. Soldering time : 3-4 sec.
- 3. Repeating time : no more than 3 times.
- 4. If soldering flux is used, be sure to remove any remaining flux after finishing soldering operation. (This does not apply in the case of a non-halogen type of flux.) It is recommended to protect the surface with a cover during soldering to prevent any damage due to flux spatters.

Precautions For Storing OLED Module:

- 1. Be sure to store the OLED Module in the vacuum bag with dessicant.
- 2. If the Module can not be used up in 1 month after the bag being opened, make sure to seal the Module in the vacuum bag with dessicant again.
- 3. Store the Module in a dark place, do not expose to sunlight or fluorescent light.
- 4. The polarizer surface should not touch any other objects. It is recommended to store the Module in the shipping container.
- 5. It is recommended to keep the temperature between 0° C and 30° C , the relative humidity not over 60%.

♦ Limited Warranty

Unless relevant quality agreements signed with customer and law enforcement, for a period of 12 months from date of production, all products (except automotive products) Multi-Inno will replace or repair any of its OLED modules which are found to be functional defect when inspected in accordance with Multi-Inno OLED acceptance standards (copies available upon request). Cosmetic/visual defects must be returned to Multi-Inno within 90 days of shipment. Confirmation of such date should be based on freight documents. The warranty liability of Multi-Inno is limited to repair and/or replacement on the terms above. Multi-Inno will not be responsible for any subsequent or consequential events.

♦Return OLED Module Under Warranty:

- 1. No warranty in the case that the precautions are disregarded.
- 2. Module repairs will be invoiced to the customer upon mutual agreement. Modules must be returned with sufficient description of the failures or defects.